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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/964,130	09/25/2001	Carl Milton Wildrick	AINNO.0101	9987

7590 10/18/2002
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EXAMINER

DINH, TUAN T

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2827

DATE MAILED: 10/18/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)
09/964,130	WILDRICK ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit
Tuan T Dinh	2827

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 August 2002.

2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1,2,4-12,14,17,18,29 and 30 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 1,2,4-12,14,17,18,29 and 30 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

11) The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.

12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a) All b) Some * c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.

15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 5.

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
6) Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Applicant has been selected of Figure 6C as present of the invention for this application in Paper No. 3. The Amendment filed in Paper No. 6 based on Figure 6B and not elected as applicant selected. Examiner would like to exam this application based on Figure 6C, and other figures would withdrawn as non-elected subject matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claims 1-2, 4-12, 14, 17-18, and 29-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The specification, which is described of Figure 6C, is silent regarding a new limitation "through hole" claims 1, 14, and 29, line 5.

Figure 6C shows a U-shape interconnect having a slot and not a through hole on a contact surface of the interconnect.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 1, 4-9, 11-12, and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Prior Art (PA, submitted by applicant) in view of Schneider et al. (U.S. Patent 4,362,904).

As best understood to claims 1, 4-6, 8, 29 (based on the Figure 6C of this application), PA discloses a power module (100) and a method as shown in figures 1-4 comprising:

a FR4 board (110) formed from a plurality of layers (claims 4-6) having at least one element, which is a pair of planar magnetic cores (130, claim 8), mounted thereon; and

at least one or three interconnects (solder balls 240-figure 4) for electrically coupling the element to an end user's circuit card (10-figure 4).

PA does not teach the interconnects having U-shaped including a sidewall and a contact surface, the contact surface includes a through hole, the through hole adapted to allow solder paste to flow into the interconnects to form a strong physical bond between the element and the end user's circuit card.

Schneider shows a interconnect (10) being formed U-shaped having a sidewall (22; 24) and a contact surface (20), the contact surface includes a through hole (26; 28) at side-edges of the contact surface.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a structure of the interconnect having a U-shape as taught by Schneider to employ the power module and method of PA in order to provide a table against vibrating or other undesired movement of one board mounted to another board.

As to claim 7, PA discloses a power module as shown in figures 1-4 wherein said board further comprises a surface for engagement with a pick and place machine (page 6, line 12).

As to claim 9, PA discloses a power module as shown in figures 1-4 wherein said board is stiffened by a metallic layer within the board.

As to claim 11, PA discloses a power module as shown in figures 1-4 wherein a solder paste is used to couple the interconnect to the end user circuit card.

As to claim 12, PA discloses a power module as shown in figures 1-4 wherein a thickness of said solder paste is greater than a combined tolerance of the board, the interconnect, and the end user circuit card.

5. Claims 2, 10, 14, 17-18, and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over PA in view of Schneider et al. ('904), and further in view of Hayashi et al. (U. S. Patent 5,969,952).

Regarding claims 2, 14, and 17, PA and Schneider disclose all of the limitations of the claimed invention, except for an interconnect made by conductive material.

Hayashi shows an interconnect (4-see figures 1-3) made by conductive material (column 4, lines 51-67).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a conductive interconnect as taught by Hayashi to employ the interconnect of PA and Schneider in order to make electrical connection between boards.

As to claims 10 and 30, PA and Schneider do not teach said at least one interconnect comprises three interconnects that are placed to form a stable plane.

Hayashi shows in figures 1-3 comprising the interconnect having three interconnects that are placed to form a stable plane.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use three interconnects placed to form a stable plane in order to support to the power module as taught by PA and Schneider, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. *St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co.*, 193 USPQ 8.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use three interconnects as taught by Hayashi to employ the interconnect of PA and Schneider in order to prevent stress or cause due to a deflection between boards.

As to claim 18, Schneider discloses the interconnect wherein the height of the first and second sidewalls are **within** 2 mils of each other.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-2, 4-12, 14, 17-18, and 29-30 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Matsuda et al. and Kumagai et al. disclose related art.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tuan T Dinh whose telephone number is 703-306-5856. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David L. Talbott can be reached on 703-305-9883. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-1341 for regular communications and 703-305-1341 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

Albert W. Paladini 16-17-02

ALBERT W. PALADINI
PRIMARY EXAMINER

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October 16, 2002